GIA Gem Database | Edward J. Gübelin Collection

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Species - Variety:

## Zoisite

Locality (as stated in Dr. Gübelin's records):

## Not stated

## Description

Shape: Oval
Weight: 12.20 ct
Dimensions: $16.01 \times 12.75 \times 8.28 \mathrm{~mm}$
Diaphaneity: Transparent
Color: Medium dark, moderately strong, greenish Yellow


Facet Diagram: top | side | bottom

## Gemological Properties

Optical Character: Biaxial positive
Refractive Index: 1.690 / 1.700
Birefringence: 0.010
Specific Gravity: 3.36
Pleochroism: Reddish purple / Blue / Yellowish brown
Luster: Vitreous
Phenomenon: None
Fluorescence:
LWUV: None
SWUV: None
Phosphorescence:
LWUV: None
SWUV: None
Absorption Spectrum:
No features seen in the absorption spectrum

## Photomicrograph

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Zoisite | Not stated<br>GIA Collection Number: 34127

## Spectrum



Transmission infrared absorption spectra were collected in the mid-IR range (400-6000 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) using a Thermo-Nicolet 6700 FTIR spectrometer ( KBr beamsplitter, MCT-B detector, 1 to $4 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ resolution, and 128 scans). A $6 x$ beam condenser was used to focus light through the girdle region of the gemstone to obtain a maximum signal.

Raman spectra were collected over the range 100-2000 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ Raman shift using a Renishaw InVia Raman microscope ( 3 additive scans, and excitation produced by 514.5 nm Ar-ion or 633 nm He-Ne lasers). Analysis was done using a focused beam on the table facet of the gemstone unless otherwise noted.

Photoluminescence spectra were collected in the 517-1000 nm range using a Renishaw InVia Raman microscope (single scan, and excitation produced by 514.5 nm Ar-ion laser). Analysis was done using a focused beam on the table facet of the gemstone unless otherwise noted, and the laser intensity was adjusted to avoid detector saturation caused by sample fluorescence.


Red line denotes the approximate position of the optic axis


Visible Absorption | min. path length: 8.3 mm


Transmission absorption spectra in the UV to near-IR range ( $250-1000 \mathrm{~nm}$ ) were collected using a Hitachi U4001 spectrometer ( 2.0 nm slit, 1.0 nm data interval, and $120 \mathrm{~nm} / \mathrm{min}$ scan speed). Unless otherwise noted, an unpolarized light beam was focused on the culet area of the optically unoriented sample.

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## Chemistry | EDXRF



Qualitative energy-dispersive X-ray fluorescence (EDXRF) data were collected using a Thermo ARL QuantX EDXRF analyzer (15 kV,
0.02-1.98 mA (auto adjusted based on deadtime), 100 seconds livetime, vacuum atmosphere, aluminum filter). These conditions were selected to optimize the detection of the transition metals (such as iron or chromium) that are responsible for the coloration of most gemstones. Only the peaks for chemical elements that were clearly identifiable are labeled by element symbols in the spectrum. Most other peaks are diffraction artifacts. Our EDXRF method can detect most elements with higher atomic numbers than sodium ( $Z=11$ ) in the Periodic Table; depending on the element, the lower limit of detection is between 1 and 100 parts per million ( 0.0001 to $0.01 \%$ ).

